

# Power-energy simulation for multi-core processors in benchmarking

Abou-Of, M.A.<sup>a</sup>, Sedky, A.A.<sup>b</sup>, Taha, A.H.<sup>b</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Computer Engineering, Pharos University in Alexandria, Alexandria, Egypt

<sup>b</sup> Department of Computer Engineering, Pharos University in Alexandria, Alexandria, Egypt

## Abstract:

At Microarchitectural level, multi-core processor, as a complex System on Chip, has sophisticated on-chip components including cores, shared caches, interconnects and system controllers such as memory and ethernet controllers. At technological level, architects should consider the device types forecast in the International Technology Roadmap for Semiconductors (ITRS). Energy simulation enables architects to study two important metrics simultaneously. Timing is a key element of the CPU performance that imposes constraints on the CPU target clock frequency. Power and the resulting heat impose more severe design constraints, such as core clustering, while semiconductor industry is providing more transistors in the die area in pace with Moore's law. Energy simulators provide a solution for such serious challenge. Energy is modelled either by combining performance benchmarking tool with a power simulator or by an integrated framework of both performance simulator and power profiling system. This article presents and assesses trade-offs between different architectures using four cores battery-powered mobile systems by running a custom-made and a standard benchmark tools. The experimental results assure the Energy/ Frequency convexity rule over a range of frequency settings on different number of enabled cores. The reported results show that increasing the number of cores has a great effect on increasing the power consumption. However, a minimum energy dissipation will occur at a lower frequency which reduces the power consumption. Despite that, increasing the number of cores will also increase the effective cores value which will reflect a better processor performance. © 2017 ASTES Publishers. All rights reserved.

## Reference:

<https://08105yvtj-1106-y-https-www-scopus-com.mplbci.ekb.eg/record/display.uri?origin=recordpage&eid=2-s2.0-85058511074&citeCnt=5&noHighlight=false&sort=plf-f&src=s&nlo=&nlr=&nls=&sid=9ff590a66789d9781c08c6de68f72583&sot=aff&sdt=cl&cluster=scopubyr%2c%222017%22%2ct%2b%2cscosubjabbr%2c%22ENGI%22%2ct&sl=49&s=AF-ID%28%22Pharos+University+in+Alexandria%22+60011287%29&relpos=15>